

Watch the online class. The link is given here Click here: https://youtu.be/VS5eK97xTPg



Children, We have seen so far how plants of the same kind, but with different qualities, are combined together to form good quality sapling. What other methods can be used to produce better seeds?

Examine the pictures and notes given below



#### Tall variety

- 20 30 metre high
- Yields in 6 10 years
- Life span of 80 100 years
- Green-coloured coconut

Major varieties: West-coast tall, East coast tall, Lakshadweep ordinary (Lacadive ordinary).



### Dwarf variety

- 8-10 metre high
- Yields in 4 5 years
- Life span of 30 35 years
- Yellow, orange, brown coloured coconut

Major varieties: Chavakkad orange (chowghat orange), Chavakkad green, Gangabondam.

# Activity 1

a. Find out the advantages and disadvantages of tall and dwarf varieties and write them down. <u>Tall variety</u>

Advantages	Disadvantages
warf variety	3
Advantages	Disadvantages

b. What will be the qualities of a new seed produced by combining tall and dwarf varieties. Hybridisation is the method of producing new seeds through artificial pollination between plants of the same species but of different characteristics. Seeds formed in this manner may combine advantages, disadvantages and mixed qualities of both the parent plants. Seeds with desired qualities are selected from these.

## Activity 2

a. Write the name of some hybrid variety coconut tree.

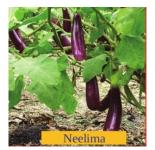


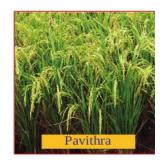


Hybrid coconut

Chandrasankara

b. What are the quality seeds of paddy, pea, green chilly, lady's finger, brinjal, and tomato?







## Activity 3

Activity 4

Can you name some of the Agricultural Research Institutes of our State.







Write a note on Tissue culture......

Watch the online class regularly, and note down the important points given there......

Do all the activities given in the worksheet and send to me.....



